## **Percentage Problems**

1.	15.50		3	
	100 - 18 = 82			
	Normal price = $\frac{12}{3}$	$\frac{2.71}{32} \times 100$		
		B1 for sight of 82 oe		
		<i>M1 for</i> $\frac{12.71}{82} \times 100$		
		A1 for 15.50		
				[3]
2.	650		3	
	80% = 520			
	$\frac{520}{80} \times 100$			
		M1  for  (100 - 20)% = 520		
		<i>M1 Dep for</i> $\frac{520}{"80"} \times 100$		
		A1 cao		
				[3]
3.	4		2	
	5469.78 ÷ 1.05 ÷ 1	.05 ÷ 1.05		
	<b>or</b> 4500 × 1.05 × 1	.05		
		<i>M1 for 5469.78 ÷ 1.05 or 4500 × 1.05 or 4725 seen.</i> <i>A1 cao</i>		
				[2]
4.	(a) £5062.50		3	

 $\begin{array}{l} \pounds 12000 \times 0.25 = \pounds 3000; \ \pounds 12000 - \pounds 3000 = \pounds 9000 \\ \pounds 9000 \times 0.25 = \pounds 2250; \ \pounds 9000 - \pounds 2250 = \pounds 6750 \\ \pounds 6750 \times 0.25 = \pounds 1687.50; \ \pounds 6750 - \pounds 1687.50 = \\ M1 \ for \ 12000 \times 0.75 \ (= 9000) \ oe \ or \ \pounds 3000 \ or \ \pounds 23437.50 \ seen \\ M1 \ (dep) \ for \ at \ least \ two \ further \ depreciation \ calculations \\ (complete \ steps) \\ A1 \ cao \\ OR \ M2 \ for \ 12000 \times (0.75)^3 \ or \ 5062.50 \ seen \\ (M1 \ for \ 12000 \times (0.75)^n, \ n = 2 \ or \ 4) \end{array}$ 

(b) 0.4096

 $0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.8$  (oe) M1  $0.8^4$  (oe) A1 cao 2

[5]

**5.** 2315.25

	3
<i>M1</i> 2000 $\times \frac{5}{100}$ or 2000 $\times$ 1.05 or 2100 seen or 100 (clearly	
the interest) seen	
M1 for a complete compound interest method shown	
A1 cao	
[SC: B1 for 2300 or 300 seen with or without working]	

[3]

[3]

1

2

1

2

**6.** (a) 4.5 *B1 cao* 

(b) 
$$1205.86$$
  
 $500 \times 1.045^{20} = 1205.857....$   
*M1 for  $500 \times 1.045^{20}$   
A1 for  $1205.85 - 1206$   
(SC:B1 for  $705.85 - 706$  no working)*

- 7. (a) He has taken it from this year instead of last year B1 Reason or appropriate calculation
  - (b)  $\frac{240}{1.2}$ 200

$$M1 \quad \frac{240}{1.2} \quad oe$$

$$A1 \quad cao$$

[3]

8.  $102 \div 0.85$  120 *M1 for 85% = 102 oe M1 for*  $\frac{102}{0.85}$  or  $\frac{102}{85} \times 100$  oe *A1 cao* 3

[3]

2

9. 275

 $\frac{242}{0.88}$ 

$$M2 \text{ for } \frac{242}{(100-12)} \times 1000e$$
  
[M1 for  $\frac{242}{(100-12)}$  oe]  
A1 cao

[3]

## **10.** 6500

80% = 5200 $5200 \div 80 \times 100$	
5200 ÷ 80 × 100	<i>M1 for 100 – 20% = 5200</i>
	<i>M1 for 5200</i> ÷ "80" × 100 <i>A1 cao</i>

[3]

## **11.** 275

80% = 220	
$220 \div 80 \times 100$	
	M1 for recognising that 80% is equivalent to 220
	M1 for $220 \div 80 \times 100$ oe

A1 cao

3

3

3

[3]